









## Association between Vigorous Physical Activity and Chronic Diseases among the Elderly in Latvia

## Aija Bukova-Zideluna

Riga Stradins University, Institute of Public Health, Department of Public Health and Epidemiology

**Objective of the research:** to examine the relationships between vigorous physical activity (VPA) and the risk of major chronic diseases among adults aged 50 and above in Latvia.

## Methods:

- > Survey of Health, Ageing, and Retirement in Europe (SHARE), wave 8, 2020.
- > 798 respondents aged 50+ in Latvia.

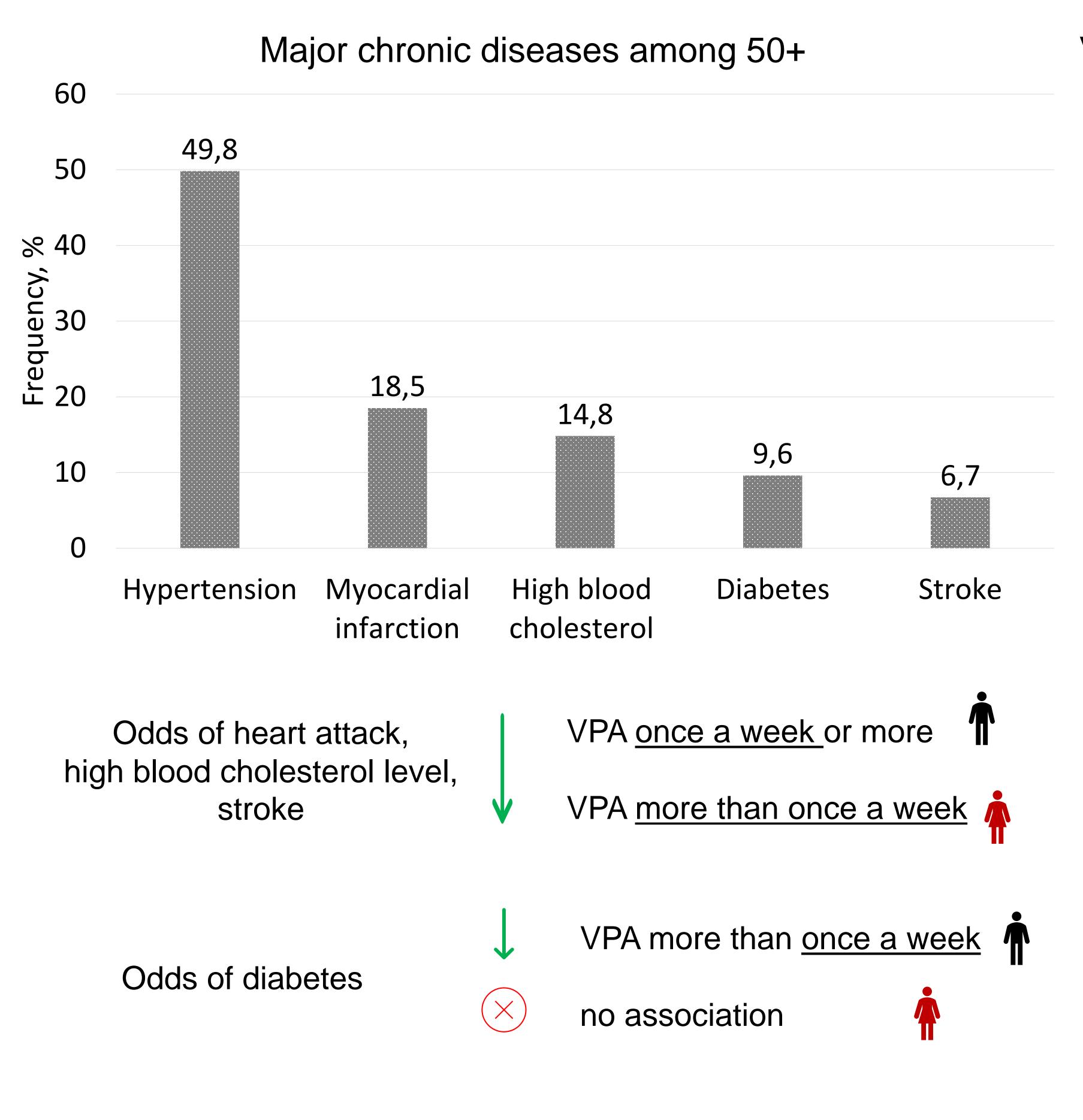
Questions about the frequency of engaging in vigorous physical activity:

- > sports,
- heavy housework,
- physically demanding occupation.

Participants had been informed by their doctor about the presence of:

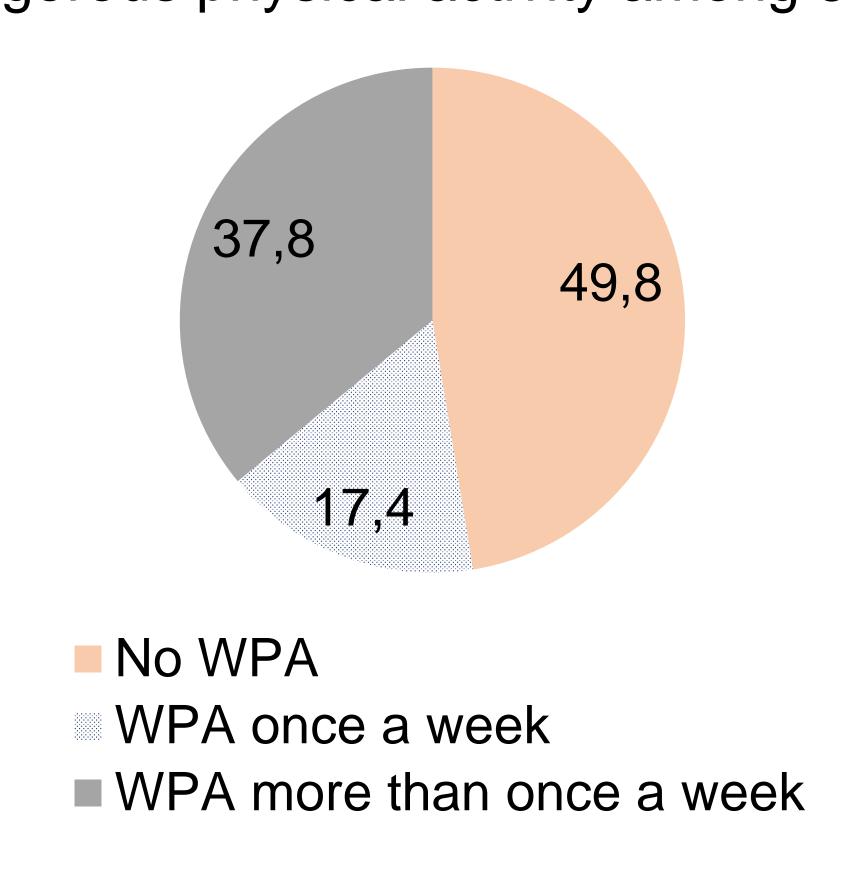
- > heart attack or other heart problems,
- > hypertension,
- > stroke,
- > high blood cholesterol level and diabetes.

Analysis: descriptive statistics, comparative analyses, Pearson's chi-square test, the T-test, and logistic regression.



!! Hypertension did not show an association with physical activity.

Vigorous physical activity among 50+



Conclusion: Engaging in physical activities correlates with a lower risk of chronic diseases in both men and women. Even participation in vigorous physical activity once a week appears to be sufficient to reduce the risk of chronic diseases in adults 50 and older.

The project "RSU internal and RSU with LSPA external consolidation",
No.5.2.1.1.i.0/2/24/I/CFLA/005
Postdoctoral Grant "Associated factors of frailty and fall-related mortality in the older population in Latvia", No. RSU-PG-2024/1-0005



